

6 SEM TDC BOTH (CBCS) C 13

2 0 2 3

(May/June)

BOTANY

(Core)

Paper : C-13

(Plant Metabolism)

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer of the following :

1×5=5

- (a) In CAM plants, CO₂ uptake takes place mainly during daytime/night in dark/evening/noon.
- (b) Receptors are primary effectors/signal transducers/secondary messengers/ligands.

(2)

- (c) The end product of gluconeogenesis is glucose/acetyl CoA/pyruvate/glycerol.
- (d) For producing nodules, the *nif* genes are present in which part of the bacteria?
Ribosome/Bacterial genome/
Plasmid/Mesosome
- (e) The conformational coupling theory was proposed by Peter Mitchell/Slater/Boyer *et al.*/Mahler and Cordes.
2. Write short notes on any three of the following :
4×3=12
- (a) Isozymes
(b) Accessory pigments
(c) Cyanide-resistant respiration
(d) Photolysis of water
(e) IAA
3. Write explanatory notes on any two of the following :
6×2=12
- (a) β -oxidation of fatty acids
(b) Biological nitrogen fixation
(c) Allosteric inhibition
(d) Nitric oxide signalling in plants

(3)

4. What is photophosphorylation? Give an account of cyclic and non-cyclic electron transports in photosynthesis. 2+(5+5)=12
- Or
- What is C_2 cycle? Summarize the various steps involved in the process and mention its significance. 2+(8+2)=12
5. Describe the citric acid cycle in plants. Explain how ATP molecules are generated in plants. 9+3=12
- Or
- What is glyoxylate cycle? Where does this cycle occur and how is the accumulation of sugars in fatty seeds accomplished through this cycle? 2+10=12
