5 SEM TDC DSE PHY (CBCS) 2 (H) A/B/C

2022

(Nov/Dec)

PHYSICS

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-2

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Paper: DSE-2 (A)

(Astronomy and Astrophysics)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

- **1.** Choose the correct answer from the following : $1 \times 8 = 8$
 - (a) One parsec is equal to
 - (i) 1.496×10^{11} m
 - (ii) 3.085×10^{16} m
 - (iii) 2.062×10^8 AU
 - (iv) None of the above

P23/477

- (b) Which of the following statements about the celestial sphere is incorrect?
- (i) The earth is placed at the centre of the celestial sphere.
- (ii) The celestial sphere is just another name for our universe.
- (iii) The celestial sphere does not exist physically.
- (iii) When we look at the sky, the stars all appear to be located on the celestial sphere.
- (c) The dimension of Hubble's constant is
- (i) [L]
- (ii) $[T^{-1}]$
- (iii) $[MLT^{-2}]$
- (iv) $[LT^{-1}]$
- (d) The evolution of planets involves three stages in which of the following orders?
- (i) Protoplanets, planetesimals, stabilization
- (ii) Planetesimals, protoplanets, stabilization
- (iii) Planetesimals, stabilization protoplanets
- (iu) Stabilization, protoplanets, planetesimals

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P23/477

d)

P23/477

- (e) The expansion of the universe is explained by
- (i) virial theorem
- (ii) Hubble's law
- (iii) nebular theory
- (iv) helioseismology
- (f) The hottest layer of the solar atmosphere is
- (i) photosphere
- (ii) corona
- (iii) chromosphere
- (iv) transition region
- (g) In lenticular galaxies, which of the following is not correct?
- (i) They have a bulge and a disk
- (ii) Disk does not contain spiral arms
- (iii) Disk contains spiral arms
- (iv) None of the above
- (h) The sun is located in the Milky Way galaxy about ____ from the galactic centre of the galaxy.
- (i) 1000 pc
- (ii) 8000 pc
- (iii) 28000 pc
- (iv) 10 kpc

- **2.** Answer any *eight* of the following : $2 \times 8 = 16$
- (a) What are circumpolar stars?
- (b) Differentiate between the terms 'absolute magnitude' and 'apparent magnitude' of a star.
- (c) The apparent magnitudes of two stars are 0.06 and 1.06 respectively. Calculate the ratio of their brightness.
- (d) What are atmospheric windows?
- (e) The surface temperature of two stars A and B is the same and the luminosity of A is higher than B. Which of the two stars is bigger in size? Why?
- (f) Define luminosity.
- (g) Define elliptical galaxy.
- (h) What is galactic halo?
- i) What is dark matter?
- **3.** Answer any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$
- (a) Describe how the masses are determined in a binary star system.
- (b) Discuss any one coordinate system used in astronomy.

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P23/477

- (c) Define sidereal time. Explain why a sidereal day is shorter than the solar day. What do you mean by solar time?

 11/2+2+11/2=5
- (d) Write about the equation of time (ET) and draw the variation of ET during the year.
- **Answer any** two **of the following:** 4×2
- (a) Discuss, with neat diagram, the equatorial mounting system of telescope.
- (b) Estimate the radius of a star in thermal equilibrium of mass 10³⁰ kg and average internal temperature 10⁷K. It is given that

$$k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{J K}^{-1}$$
 $m_H \sim 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
 $G = 6.7 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}$

- (c) Write a short note on virial theorem.
- **5.** (a) Describe the Hertzsprung-Russell diagram.
- (b) Discuss about spectral classification of stars. Also, explain its dependence on stellar temperature.

P23**/477**

6. (a) What are the different layers of the solar atmosphere? What is coronal heating problem? 3+2=5

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Discuss briefly the theory of the solar system formation based on nebular hypothesis.

- (b) What is exoplanet? Explain how extrasolar planets can be detected. 1+2=3
- 7. (a) Explain Hubble's tuning fork diagram 3+2=5

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Describe the Milky Way morphology.

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(b) Describe the rotation curve for a galaxy.

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State and explain de Vancouver's law.

- **8.** (a) Explain Hubble's law along with the velocity-distance plot. 2+1=3
- (b) What is cosmic distance ladder technique? Give an example of a cosmic distance ladder technique and explain its working.

 3+3=6

Paper: DSE-2 (B)

(Physics of Devices and Instruments)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

1. Choose the correct answer from the following: 1×5=5

- (a) The terminals of a unijunction transistor are
- (i) collector, base and emitter
- (ii) emitter, base 1 and base 2
- (iii) gate, drain and source
- (iv) gate, drain, body and source
- (b) The voltage regulator IC7905 provides regulated output voltage equal to
- (i) 78 volt
- (ii) +5 volt
- (iii) 12 volt
- (iv) -5 volt
- (c) Which semiconductor is most widely used for fabrication of integrated circuit?
- (i) Germanium
- (ii) Gallium arsenide
- (iii) Silicon
- (iv) None of the above

P23**/477**

(Continued)

P23/477

- (d) GPIB stands for
- (i) General Purpose Interface Bus
- (ii) General Purpose Institute Bus
- (iii) General Parallel Institute Bus
- (iv) General Parallel Interface Bus
- (e) Which of the following parameters is varied in amplitude-modulated wave?
- (i) Frequency
- (ii) Phase
- (iii) Amplitude
- (iu) None of the above
- **2.** Answer the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$
- ,
- (a) Differentiate between depletion and enhancement mode MOSFET.
- (b) What are positive and negative masks?
- (c) Explain the basic idea of UART.
- (d) Write the basic idea of sending data through a COM port.
- (e) Why is modulation required in communication system?

3. (a) Explain the characteristics and small signal equivalence of JFET. What is metal semiconductor junction? 4+2=

9

Discuss the construction and working of D-MOSFET with diagram. What is charge-coupled device? 4+2=6

- (b) Draw the *I-V* characteristic curve of a tunnel diode and explain. 3
- Draw the block diagram of a power supply and explain its operation. Explain the action of shunt capacitor in a rectifier circuit as filter. What are load and line regulations?

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What are active and passive filters? Explain constant-*k* low-pass filter with circuit diagram. Write the limitation of constant-*k* filter. 4+2+2=8

5. Explain the basic principle of phase-locked loop (PLL) with circuit diagram. Draw and label the PLL IC 565.

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Explain the working of a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO). What is loop filter? 4+1=5

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P23/477

P23/477

9 (a) Discuss the basic steps involved in integrated circuit fabrication process.

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Discuss briefly about defects in the

(b) Write lattice. short note optical ယ

(a) Derive the equation and power relation lithography or metallization techniques.

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for an AM wave. Compare AM and FM.

4+2=6

diagram. Define modulation index of using diode detector with circuit AM wave. Explain the demodulation of AM wave 4+2=6

(b) Compare ASK and PSK.

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Paper: DSE-2 (C)

(Physics of Earth

Pass Marks: 32 Full Marks: 80

Time: 3 hours

1. Choose the correct answer/Fill in the blank from the following (any eight):

- Milky Way is a/an
- (i) peculiar galaxy
- (ii) irregular galaxy
- (iii) elliptical galaxy
- (iv) spiral galaxy
- *(b)* The hydrosphere is the mass of water found
- (i) on the surface of the earth
- (ii) below the surface of the earth
- (iii) both on and below the surface of the earth
- (iv) None of the above
- \mathcal{C} water on the earth. Freshwater accounts for of the
- (i) 2.5%
- (ii) 5%
- (iii) 7·5%
- (iv) 10%

P23/477

(Turn Over)

P23/477

(Continued)

- (i) Earthquake centre
- (ii) Epicentre
- (iii) Fault
- (iv) Focus
- (e) Volcanoes are associated with all of the following areas, except
- (i) rift zone
- (ii) epicentre
- (iii) subduction zone
- (iv) hot spots
- \mathcal{G} which all living things exist is called The combined portion of the earth in
- (i) biome
- (ii) ecosystem
- (iii) community
- (iv) biosphere
- *(g)* Eons and eras are units of
- (Continued)

- H What is the atmospheric layer closest to the ground?
- (i) Mesosphere
- (ii) Troposphere
- (iii) Thermosphere
- (iv) Stratosphere
- (i)weakest) at the centre of the earth. Gravitational force is (strongest/
- \mathcal{G} steps of Photosynthesis, decomposition, respiration and combustion are the four
- (i) water cycle
- (ii) nitrogen cycle
- (iii) carbon cycle
- (iv) phosphorus cycle
- **2.** Answer the following questions:
- *(a)* What are meteorites and asteroids? planets? What are terrestrial and Jovian $1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}=3$
- *(b)* Discuss the rotational and revolution parameters of the earth.
- Big Bang. background and its relationship to the Explain the origin of cosmic microwave

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P23/477

(Tum Over)

(d)Discuss about energy and fluxes incident on the earth. particle ĆΠ

Q

formation of a planet. Describe the different stages of

- ω Answer the following questions:
- (a) Define geothermal energy and mention three main uses of it. $1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}=3$
- *(b)* What do you mean by cryosphere? ice caps formed? How are glacier ice sheets and polar 1+3=4
- 0 continental and oceanic crust? Mention earth's crust. three most common elements of the What are the main three layers of the earth? What do you mean by 1+2+2=5
- (a)Discuss the variation of temperature, atmosphere with altitude. density and composition of the S

components of the biosphere. Discuss, in detail, three basic

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P23/477

4. Answer the following questions :

- (a) What do currents may be related to plate spreading? Explain how convection tectonics. you mean by seafloor
- *(b)* What are tides and how are they enters shallow water? useful? What happens, when a tsunami 2+2=4
- <u>C</u> surface waves. Define Richter scale. and contrast primary, secondary and What causes earthquakes? Compare 1+3+1=5

(a)products and distribution. How do volcanoes form? Discuss about different types of volcanoes and their 1+4=5

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Write a short note on water cycle.

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- ĊI Answer the following questions:
- *(b)* <u>a</u> Discuss Give a brief discussion on nebular and catastrophic hypotheses on the uniformitarianism the principle of ω
- <u>(c)</u> about some major geological events. Define geological timescale. Discuss

origin of the earth.

2+2=4

1+4=5

P23/477

(d) Discuss the origin of life on the earth.

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Or

How does biosphere help the environment? Describe how the evolution of the solar system may lead to the death of the earth. 2+3=5

6. Answer any *two* of the following questions:

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (a) What is the difference between global warming and climate change?
- (b) How does the growth of population and deforestation affect the environment?
- (c) What are nuclear hazards and how can they lead to environmental pollution?

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5 SEM TDC DSE PHY (CBCS) 2 (H) A/B/C

P23-3000/477