3 SEM TDC PHYH (CBCS) C 5

2022

(Nov/Dec)

PHYSICS

(Core)

Paper: C-5

(Mathematical Physics—II)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Choose the correct answer:

1×5=5

- (a) The value of $erf(x) + erf_c(-x)$ is
 - (i) 1
 - (ii) 0
 - (iii) -1
 - (iv) None of the above

P23/56

(Turn Over)

$$(\ddot{u}) \frac{-\pi}{2}$$

0 The value $P_{2m+1}(0)$ is of Legendre polynomial

$$(iv)$$
 -1

(d) e^{2tx-t^2} is the generating function for

(i) Bessel polynomial

(ii) Laguerre polynomial

(iii) Hermite polynomial

(iv) None of the above

P23/56

(Continued)

(e) The Fourier series representation of an even function

(i) consists of both sine and cosine terms

(ii) consists of sine terms only

(iii) consists of cosine terms only

(iv) None of the above

(a) Describe the complex form of Fourier series. 2

Expand the function $f(x) = x + x^2$ in a Hence, show that Fourier series in the interval $-\pi \le x \le \pi$. $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \cdots$

(b)

(c) Represent f(x) in a Fourier series, if

 $f(x) = 1, \quad 0 < x < \frac{1}{2}$ $=0, \frac{1}{2} < x < 1$ ယ

ώ (a) Determine whether x = 0 is an ordinary point or singular point of the following differential equation : 1+ 1+2=3

$$2x^2y'' + 7x(x+1)y' - 3y = 0$$

P23/56

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(b)

method (any one): (i) $x^2y'' + (x + x^2)y' + (x - 9)y = 0$

(ii)
$$4xy'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

(c) Show that $P'_n(1) = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$.

ω

(d) Show that

 $P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 - 1)^n$

Show that

$$\left[J_{\frac{1}{2}}(x)\right]^2 + \left[J_{-\frac{1}{2}}(x)\right]^2 = \frac{2}{\pi x}$$

Evaluate:

ω

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \sqrt[4]{x} e^{-\sqrt{x}} dx$$

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Prove that

$$\beta(l, m) = \frac{\Gamma(l)\Gamma(m)}{\Gamma(l+m)}$$

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P23/56

ĊI Answer any two of the following:

3×2=6

(a) What are truncation error and rounding off error? Illustrate with examples. 1½×2=3

Find the maximum error in magnitude in the approximation $f(x, y) = x^2 - xy + \frac{1}{2}y^2 + 3$ over the rectangle R: |x-3| < 0.01|y-2| < 0.01. and

(C) series $a, a+d, a+2d, \dots, a+nd$. What is standard deviation of a data? Calculate the standard deviation of the ω

(a) Solve any two of the following partial separation of variables: differential equations by method of

9

(i) $16 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial t^2}$ under the condition $u(x, 0) = x^2(5 - x)$

(ii)
$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2(x+y)u$$

(iii) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = u$ under the condition $u(x, 0) = 3e^{-5x} + 2e^{-3x}$

P23/56

(Turn Over)

(b) Find the solution of 2-D Laplace's equation in spherical polar coordinates.

5

Or

Find the solution of 1-D wave equation by D'Alembert's method.

P23-2300/**56**

3 SEM TDC PHYH (CBCS) C 5